

# REPORT

ON THE STATE OF

# PUBLIC HEALTH

IN THE

URBAN DISTRICT OF BUSHEY

URBAN DISTRICT OF CHORLEYWOOD

URBAN DISTRICT OF RICKMANSWORTH

RURAL DISTRICT OF WATFORD

IN THE COUNTY OF HERTFORD



WILLIAM HARVEY, M.D., B.Ch., D.P.H.
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1951

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# REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1951.

The Chairman and Members of :---

the Urban District Council of Bushey,
the Urban District Council of Chorleywood,
the Urban District Council of Rickmansworth,
and

the Rural District Council of Watford.

#### LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Reports on the state of the Public Health, and the reports by the Inspectors on the sanitary conditions, in the Districts, during the year 1951.

The Registrar General's estimates of the populations of the Districts for the middle of 1951 are:—Bushey, 16,060; Chorleywood, 4,480; Rickmansworth, 25,310; and Watford Rural, 40,150; giving a total for the whole area of 86,000 persons.

The birth-rates were higher in the Chorleywood and Watford Rural Districts, and lower in Bushey and Rickmansworth, than those for the previous year. The actual number of births, however, continues to rise with the increasing population. The birth-rate for England and Wales for 1951 was 15.5 per 1,000 of the population.

The figures for the Districts are:—

1951	Male	Female	Total Live Births	Still Births
Bushey	124	119	243	4
Chorleywood	29	27	56	2
Rickmansworth	168	176	344	10
Watford Rural	352	331	683	14
	F		-	
	673	653	1,326	30

The total number of births shows an increase of 131 on that for the previous year. Forty-five of the live births, and one of the still births were illegitimate.

The Infantile Mortality rate, or the number of deaths of infants under the age of one year per 1,000 live births, has generally been maintained at a figure well below the rate for the whole country, which at present is 29.6. At this low level further progress will naturally be slower compared with the reductions in the past, when the rate fell from 156 between 1896 and 1900, to 91 between 1916 and 1920, then to 50 in 1939, and now to its present figure of 29.6. The number of infants who died in this area was 34, and of these, 26 died during the first four weeks of life.

There was no Maternal Mortality in connection with Pregnancy or Childbirth during the year. The rate for the whole country in 1951 was 0.79 deaths per 1,000 total (live and still) births compared with 4.62 in 1934.

The International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries, and Causes of Death, 1948, has been used for recording the deaths in the report for each District. The death-rates are all very low.

The crude death-rates which have been given are reliable for comparisons from year to year in the Districts to which they are related, provided there have been no marked changes in the age distributions of their populations, such as might be caused by movements in particular age groups with lower or higher rates of mortality. To provide for comparison between districts, Area Comparability Factors are given for deaths and births, which, when applied by multiplication to the crude rates, give the rates the Districts would have if their populations were of average age distribution.

With the exceptions of Measles and Whooping Cough, which were prevalent during the first and second quarters, the incidence of notifiable infectious disease was appreciably lower than in the previous year.

Reliable vaccines for the immunization of infants against Whooping Cough are now available. The protection given, as with any vaccine, is not absolute, but trials which have been carried out in this country during the past seven years show that a child who has not been immunized is about four times more likely to contract the disease than one who has. Further, the cases which did occur

in the vaccinated were generally less severe and of shorter duration. As Whooping Cough is a serious disease during the first year of life, it is recommended that the immunising treatment, which consists of three injections, should be commenced about the beginning of the third month of life.

There have been no cases of Diphtheria during the last three years, whereas the average number each year before the national campaign for Diphtheria immunization was started in 1940, was twenty-four, in the much smaller population at that time.

The Immunization treatment against Diphtheria is of a simple nature, it is voluntary, and can readily be obtained at a Child Welfare Centre or from the Family Doctor. It is generally recommended that the first of the injections should be given when a child is about seven months old, so that it may be protected from an early age when the disease is more likely to be serious. The notifications and deaths from Diphtheria over the whole country last year were approximately 699 and 34, compared with a yearly average of 55,000 and 2,800, respectively, between 1930 and 1940.

There were eight cases of Acute Poliomyelitis, in three of which there was some degree of paralysis or weakness. There were no deaths. During the previous year there were sixteen cases, with three deaths.

The early symptoms of Poliomyelitis are often indefinite, but, irritability or drowsiness, with pain or stiffness in the muscles of the neck, or perhaps the limbs, and a rise in temperature, should be regarded with suspicion during the summer and autumn months, especially if Poliomyelitis is prevalent, and, as an indication for rest in bed and quietness from the earliest stage. Physical strain or fatigue at this stage may increase the severity of the disease.

The Mass Radiography Unit, which is under the direction of the Regional Hospital Board, visited Rickmansworth in September, when 2,698 persons, including the personnel of a large factory, were examined. The number of persons recalled for large films was 61; and the further analysis of these cases was as follows:—(a) no further action, 37; (b) to return to Unit for further examination, 0; (c) further investigation required, not necessarily indicating tuberculosis, 23; (d) known cases of Tuberculosis, 0; (e) failed to return, 1.

Special attention has been given to the inspection of food, and to the cleanliness of places where food or drink is served. In most cases it is now possible to obtain the replacements or new equipment required for the hygienic handling and storage of food, and it is hoped that the standard throughout the area will be steadily improved. The manufacture and sale of ice cream has received special attention. The great safeguard in the handling of food is the cleanliness of the hands, which should always be washed before commencing, or resuming, work in the kitchen. There should be suitable and convenient arrangements to encourage this practice. The nails should be kept short and clean.

The work done under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949, is recorded in each report. The Act is intended to prevent damage by rats and mice to the food supply, and it is hoped that everyone will help in this important work.

The work in the Department was very efficiently handled by the Inspectors. Owing to the development of the Watford Rural District, Mr. A. Hughes was appointed as an additional Sanitary Inspector, and he commenced duties in September, 1951.

I have the honour to be,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

WILLIAM HARVEY.

Seventy-eighth Annual Report.

## BUSHEY

#### URBAN DISTRICT

#### General.

Area of District (land and inland water), 3,866 acres.

Highest Point-London Road at Southern boundary, 506.7ft.

Lowest Point—Near River Colne, 179.2ft. (above mean sea-level).

Number of structurally separate dwellings occupied, 1st April, 1951; 4,591.

Rateable value at 1st April, 1951; £141,120.

Sum represented by a penny-rate, £550.

#### Vital Statistics.

Population (Registrar General's estimates at mid-year):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
16,060	14,930	15,220	14,990	14,310	13,800	12,880	12,930

Birth-Rate (Live births per 1,000 of population):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
15.1	15.9	14.9	16.2	20.7	16.1	14.4	13.0
		(Area C	omparab	ility Facto	or, 1.05)		

Infantile Mortality Rate (Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
37	8	31	29	27	13	43	48

Death-Rate.

Vide—Summary "Causes of Death."

(Area Comparability Factor, 1.08)

#### Tuberculosis.

The following notifications and deaths were recorded during the year:—

				Pulr	nonary.	Non-Pulmonary.		
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
New cases	• • •	• • •	* * *	9	9			
Deaths	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	2			

## NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

INCIDENCE according to AGE and SEX

-4	Q	~	4

Age		rlet	Who	oping	Acute poliomyelitis			Measles (Fra Rubella) Diphtheria			theria	
GROUPS	Fe	ver	Co	ugh	Para	alytic	Non-pa	aralytic	(Exc. I	Rubella)	Dipit	ciiciia
	M 	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	-F	M	F
0			1	2					3	3		
l			3	7					17	25		
3—	2		5	5					39	33		
5—	5	1	6	14				1	72	59		
10	1	1			1				1	5		
15—	1	1							2	3		
25 and over	1								2	2		1
TOTAL	10	3	15	28	1	_	_	1	136	130	_	
	A	c.	D		C	Acute ence			cephali	tis	Ente	ric or
Age Groups		monia	Dyse	Dysentery		Smallpox -		ctive	Post-in	fectious	Typhoid Fever	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0—												
5	1	1	4	1				1	0			
15—	1									•		
45	2											
65 and over		1										
Total	4	2	4	1	-		_	-	_			out-comment
Age Groups		phoid ers	Erysi	pelas		Meningococcal infection		Food Poisoning		Other Notifiable Diseases		
	M	E	M	F	M	F	M	F			M	F
0									Puerpe Pyrex	ral ia	• • •	32
5—								1		lmia torum	14	9
15—				$_2$							_	_
45—				2							_	
65 and over	j								Relapsi	ng Fever		_
									Typhus	Fever		
Total		-		2		_		1				

#### **DEATH-RATE**

(Deaths per 1,000 of population)

#### 1951

			36.1	D 1				
				Females	1951	• • •	• • •	9.9
	All Causes	• • • •	70	90	1950	• • •	• • •	9.9
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	• •••	1	2	1949	• • •	•••	10.4
2	Tuberculosis, other			-	1948	• • •	• • •	8.1
3	Syphilitic disease	• •••			1947		• • •	9.8
4	Diphtheria				1946	• • •		
5	Whooping cough	• •••	-			• • •	• • •	9.1
6	Meningococcal infections	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_		1945	• • •	• • •	10.6
7	Acute poliomyelitis	• •••		_	1944	• • •	• • •	10.2
8	Measles	• • • •		According	1943	• • •	•••	11.5
9	Other infective and paras	itic di-		7	1942	• • •	• • •	9.8
10	Seases	 L	1	1	1941	• • •		10.6
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach		3	3	1940	• • •		9.7
12	Malignant neoplasm, lung, be Malignant neoplasm, breast		Ð	4	1939	• • •		7.9
13	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	• • •		]	1938	• • •	• • •	9.1
14	Other malignant and lympha			.1	1937		• • •	9.2
	plasms		9	3	1936	• • •		
15	Leukæmia, aleukæmia		programaje	de-manue		* * *	• • •	8.2
16	Diabetes	• •••		1	1935	• • •	• • •	9.5
17	Vascular lesions of nervous	system	8	21	1934	• • •	• • •	8.6
18	Coronary disease, angina	• •••	10	1	1933	• • •	* * *	9.7
19	Hypertension with heart dise	ease	-	3	1932	• • •	• • •	9.5
20	Other heart disease	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7	20				
21	Other circulatory disease	• •••		3	-			
22	Influenza	• •••	-	1	England	land	Wale	S
23	Pneumonia	• •••	2	4	1951	• • •	• • •	12.5
24	Bronchitis	• • • •	7	6	1950	• • •	• • •	11.6
25	Other diseases of respiratory	system	1	<b>→</b>	1949	• • •		11.7
26	Ulcer of stomach and duoder	num	3		1948	• • •		10.8
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrh	ioea	1	<b>→</b>	1947			
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	• • • •		_		* * *		12.0
29	Hyperplasia of prostate		1		1946	• • •		11.5
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, aborti				1945	• • •	• • •	11.4
31	Congenital malformations		2	2	1944	• • •	• • •	11.6
32	Other defined and ill-defined of	diseases	7	10	1943	• • •	• • •	12.1
33	Motor vehicle accidents	• • • •	1	2	1942	• • •	•••	11.6
34	All other accidents	• • • •	2	2	1941	• • •	• • •	12.9
35	Suicide		1		1940	•••	• • •	14.6
36	Homicide and operations of v	war	-		1939	• • •		12.1
					1000	• • •	• • •	14.1

#### SANITARY CONDITIONS

A. C. F. GISBORNE,

Member Royal Sanitary Institute. Inspector, Meat and other Foods. Housing Statistics.

Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects under Public	
Health or Housing Acts	105
Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or	
injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	
Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the	
preceding section) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human	
habitation	85
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of	
action by the Local Authority	75
Number of structurally separate dwellings erected during the year:	
(1) By the Local Authority	41
(2) By other bodies or persons*	40
*Private licence, 9; Housing Society, 31.	
Summary of Housing Defects.	

The number of defects found on inspection is followed by the number remedied during the year

remedied during the year.						
		ases Remedied	Cases Found Remedied			
1. <i>Site</i> .			b. Window area or			
a. Outbuildings inadequate or in bad re-			opening below stan- dard — —			
pair b. Approach to back of	, <del></del>		c. Ventilation other- wise defective 3 3			
house unsatisfactor	y 2	2	d. Artificial lighting defective — —			
c. Storage of refuse unsatisfactory		4	(See also 8 d)			
d. Animals improperly	r		4. Space Heating.			
kept	3	3	a. Firegrate, flue; defective 5			
2. Prevention of Dampn	ess.		b. Rooms inadequately			
a. Roof, chimney, de-			heated — —			
fective		40	5. Food, Cooking.			
b. Gutters, downpipes defective		25	a. Storage of food un- satisfactory — —			
c. Drainage of ground unsatisfactory			b. Cooking arrange- ments unsatisfactory 2 4			
d. Walls, doors, windows, defective		48	c. Sink, drainage unsatisfactory 1 3			
e. Damp-proof course	<i>)</i>		6. Water Supply.			
f. Sub-floor ventilation		2	a. Water supply not			
defective	_	7	satisfactory 4 4 b. Main supply discon-			
g. Solid floor defective	e 1	3	nected — —			
h. Soil against walls	_	C	7. Washing Arrangements.			
above d.p.c	. 6	6	a. No bath — —			
3. Lighting, Ventilation.			b. Bath defective — — — c. Arrangements for			
a. Obstruction to light and air			heating water un- satisfactory 1 —			

		Cases Remedied	Cases Found Remedied
8. Closet Accommodation.			9. Repair, Decoration, Cleanliness.
a. Pail closet defec-			a. Internal structures
tive			defective 35 51
b. Water closet, soil	0.1	0.0	b. Decoration in bad
drains, defective c. Approach to outside	61	66	state 10 20
closet not protected			c. Lack of cleanliness 1 1
d. Lighting, ventilation,	1		d. Infestation with
inadequate			bugs, etc 6 6

#### Insanitary Houses.

No major reconditioning or reconstruction of property under the Housing Acts was carried out in the district during the year. It was possible, however, without having to prosecute or carry out work in default, to get owners to execute a number of minor repairs that were reported as far back as 1949.

Details concerning insanitary properties that may be the subject of demolition action in the next few years were submitted to the Planning Authority at the request of the Divisional Planning Officer. Before the periodic revision of the town map takes place, it will undoubtedly be necessary to survey many of the older dwellings.

Again, a large number of reinspections have been necessary to enforce the repair of housing defects, and it was unfortunate that many of these visits were fruitless, owing to the occupiers being constantly out.

#### Moveable Dwellings.

During the year one site licence was issued, permitting thirty-five caravans to be stationed on the site, which was provided with a main water supply and cesspool drainage. Forty-four licences were issued in respect of caravans on other sites, there being eleven sites in Bushey on which two or more caravans are stationed.

Five licences were refused during the year. One occupier of land was successfully prosecuted for permitting caravans to be stationed on his land without a licence, while in another case the owner of the land co-operated with the Council and moved eight caravans from an unsuitable site.

The water supply, sanitary accommodation, disposal of refuse, etc. on all sites where licences have been issued, have been maintained in a satisfactory condition, and 166 visits were made during the year to the various caravans and sites in the district. It is estimated that there are now over 125 caravans stationed in Bushey, most of the unlicensed ones being stationed on the site which was the subject of a prosecution, and which is now the subject of action under the Town and Country Planning Act.

Gypsy caravans have also caused considerable trouble within the district, and every effort is made, in co-operation with the police, to remove these unauthorised campers. No less than twenty visits were made for this purpose. The attitude adopted by the gypsies is stiffening, and it may be necessary for legal action to be taken concerning the nuisances, etc., caused by them.

It will be seen from the above remarks that the time spent in dealing with the various caravan problems is considerable, often causing delay in the routine inspection of other premises.

## Water Supply.

The public supply is adequate and chlorinated, and, as far as is known, only one house and a small group of factories are not connected with this supply, the house having its own bore hole.

#### Swimming Pool — Examination of Water.

Nine samples of water were taken and submitted for bacteriological examination. These all proved satisfactory. Regular daily tests were made to ascertain the residual chlorine in the water, and the chemical treatment of the water was varied accordingly.

#### Milk Supply.

Seven inspections were made of dairy premises and thirteen samples of designated milks taken. Upon examination these were all found to be satisfactory. There are two dairies in Bushey and eight distributors. Eight supplementary licences and seven dealers' licences were issued during the year.

#### Inspection of Food.

The following is a list of food condemned during 1951:— Carcase meat 60lbs., Meat 49 tins, Tinned meat 211lbs., Wet fish 14lbs., Fish 6 tins, Milk 14 tins, Soup 16 tins, Vegetables 62 tins, Miscellaneous Fruits 36 tins and 5 bottles, Jam 7 tins and 1 jar, Miscellaneous Foods 143 tins or packets.

Ninety-one visits were made to the various food premises in the district, and the occupiers co-operated well with the Council, adopting the various recommendations made, including the provision of water heaters and additional washing facilities.

It was not necessary to take any formal action to enforce either the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, or the Bye-laws made under Section 15 of that Act.

Seven premises are registered under the Act in connection with the manufacture of sausages, cooked meats, etc.

#### Ice Cream.

There are two small manufacturers in the district, both using the "Complete Cold Mix" method of production. During the year four additional premises were registered for the sale of ice cream, making a total of nineteen on the register.

Thirty-two samples were taken during 1951 and after bacteriological examination were placed in the following grades:—

Grade I, 16. Grade II, 8. Grade III, 4. Grade IV, 3.

It was not possible to check one sample of "choc-ice" that was submitted for examination, and as one of the Grade 4 samples was of the "strawberry" type, the bacteriologist reported that the result could not be regarded as authentic, owing to the pink dye present interfering with the test.

Appropriate follow-up action was taken in the case of Grade III or IV samples, and where the firm manufacturing the ice cream was situated outside the district, the appropriate Local Authority was notified.

## Disinfection (1); Disinfestation (2).

Number of cases (1) 21. (2) 41. ... ... ... Total 62.

Six premises were disinfested following complaints of bugs; while twenty-one wasps' nests in buildings were disposed of. It is noticed that there has been a reduction in the number of people requesting woodwork to be sprayed, following the effects of wood-boring insects, only five such requests having been received during the year.

#### Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

		Local Authority	Dwelling Houses	Agri- cultural	All other, incl. Business & Industry	Total
1.	Total No. of properties in L.A.s' district	20	4,135	39	224	4,418
2.	No. of properties inspected by L.A. during 1951 as a result (a) of notification or (b) otherwise.	(a) I (b) 9	129 304	2 4	8	140
3.	No. of properties (under 2) found to be infested by rats (a) Major (b) Minor, Infest.,	(a) (b) 1	89	1 1	l 2	93
4.	No. of properties (under 2) found to be seriously infested by mice		(see note	below)		
5.	No. of infested properties (under 3 & 4) treated by the L.A	1	89	2	3	95
6.	No. of notices served under Section 4:  (1) Treatment  (2) Structural Works  (i.e. Proofing)					

- 7. Number of cases in which default action was taken by L.A. following issue of notice under S. 4; 0.
  - 8. Legal Proceedings, 0.
  - 9. Number of "block control" schemes carried out, 0.

Note. During the year, eight dwelling houses and one business property were treated following minor infestations by mice.

SEWER CONTROL.

In September 1951, eighty-three manholes were test baited, and it is pleasing to report again that no "takes" were recorded.

## Cesspools, Pail Closets, and Drainage.

There was no change in the number (160) of cesspools emptied by the Council, but one scheme whereby main drainage is to be provided was approved, and this will result in twelve houses being connected to the sewer, together with one large establishment, the cesspool of which is emptied twice weekly by contractors. It is hoped that work on this scheme will commence in 1952.

Every effort is being made to provide main drainage in Caldecote Gardens, where forty-five bungalows are connected to cesspools. Although everything is being done by the Council to improve the emptying service, nevertheless it is not infrequent for some of the cesspools to overflow on to the roadway, and it is felt that this is due in no small way to more people living in the bungalows, and the more frequent use of baths.

There are six pail closets in the district emptied by the Council; four weekly, and two, twice weekly.

During the year, 168 inspections were made in connection with the provision of new and altered drainage systems.

#### Public Cleansing.

#### (a) Refuse Collection.

Collection is carried out by contract, two low-loading metal covered vehicles being used.

#### (b) Refuse Disposal.

The refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping, and it is satisfactory to report that the mule-dozer which is used in connection with the disposal has proved very efficient with regard to preventing insect pests and rodents establishing themselves on the tip.

## Complaints and Notices.

During the year 106 complaints were received, and the following figures show the number of Notices served and those complied with. No Court proceedings were necessary:

Informal	Notices	s outstanding on 1st January 1951		• • •	63
,,	,,	served during 1951	• • •		61
,,	,,	complied with during 1951	• • •		73
Statutory	Notice	es outstanding on 1st January 1951	• • •	• • •	2
,,	,,	served during 1951	• • •	• • •	6
,,	,,	complied with	• • •	• • •	7

## ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

1.—Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health.

	Number		Number of	
Premises (1)	on Register (3)	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	5	6		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	58	18	1	
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	3	2		
TOTAL	66	26	1	

## 2.—Cases in which defects were found.

				170	
	Number	of cases in w	hich defects	were found	Number of cases in
Particul <b>a</b> rs	Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector		which prosecu- tions were instituted
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)					
Overcrowding (S.2)	<del></del>	—		<del></del>	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)			<u> </u>		<u>—</u>
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)		<u> </u>		<del></del>	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	<u> </u>		<u>—</u>		<u>—</u>
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient		—		—	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	<u> </u>	1	
(c) Not separate for sexes		<u> </u>	<del></del>	—	<u> </u>
Other offences against the Act (not including offen- ces relating to Outwork)					_
TOTAL	1	1	_	1	

Outworkers S.110 (i) (c):—Number, 4. Notices, etc., Nil.

## CHORLEYWOOD

#### URBAN DISTRICT

#### General.

Area of District (land and inland water), 2,055 acres.

Highest Point-Near water tower at the Swillet, 410.6ft.

Lowest Point—Junction of Meadow Way and Belfry Lane, 160.3ft. (above mean sea-level).

Number of structurally separate dwellings occupied at 1st April, 1951; 1,405.

Rateable value at 1st April, 1951; £56,628.

Sum represented by a penny-rate, £230.

#### Vital Statistics.

Population (Registrar-General's estimates at mid-year).

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
4,480	4,680	4,700	4,530	4,207	4,058	3,967	3,775

Birth-Rate (live births per 1,000 of population):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
12.5	8.1	12.1	14.1	13.5	19.0	13.1	9.0
	(A	Area Com	oarability	Factor,	1.06)		

Infantile Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
0	52	52	31	52	39	19	29

#### Death-Rate:

Vide—Summary "Causes of Death."
(Area Comparability Factor, 0.84)

#### Tuberculosis.

The following notifications and deaths were recorded during the year:- ·

			Puln	nonary.	Non-Pulmonary.		
			Male. Female.		Male.	Female.	
			*				
New cases	• • •	• • •		1			
Deaths		• • •	******	gal-manuscope	Co	Company of the Control of the Contro	

## NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

INCIDENCE according to AGE and SEX

1951

Age	Scarlet Fever		Who	oping			liomyeli			sles	Diphtheria	
GROUPS				ugh	Para		Non-pa			Rubella)		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M 	F	M	F	M	F ———
0—							3		1			
1			2			,			9	9		
3				2					13	10		
5—			2	2					22	24		•
10									2	5	1	
15	1	1		Y					L	2		
25 and over										1		
										-		
Total	1	1	4	4	_	_	_		48	51		_
	A	Ac. Acute encep		Acute		cephalitis		cephalitis		Enter	ic or	
Age Groups		monia	Dyse	entery	Sma	llpox	Infe	ctive	Post-infectious		Typhoid Fever	
g.,	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0—												
E							·					
1 ~												
4 5												
65 and over												
os and over												
Total	_							_				
	Donot	h o i d	l I		Moning	gococcal	T.	o d	<u> </u>			
Age Groups	Fer	yphoid vers	Erys	ipelas	Infe	ction		ood oning	Other	Notifia	able Dis	seases
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F			M	F
0									Puerpe: Pyrex	ral ia		
5—										lmia torum		
15			(									
45									Plague			
65 and over										ng Fe <b>v</b> er		
										Fever		
Total	_				_		_		- ) p			

(Deaths per 1,000 of population)

			N/I-1 T	1				
	11 (		Males Fe		1951	• • •	•••	8.5
F	All Causes	• • •	23	15	1950	•••	• • •	10.0
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory	• • •			1949			11.3
2	Tuberculosis, other	• • •			1948			9.7
3	Syphilitic disease	• • •				• • •		
4	Diphtheria	• • •			1947	• • •	• • •	14.0
5	Whooping cough	• • •			1946	• • •	• • •	12.6
6	Meningococcal infections	• • •			1945	• • •	• • •	9.3
7	Acute poliomyelitis	• • •			1944	• • •	• • •	11.2
8	Measles	• • •	_	_	1943	• • •	• • •	13.0
9	1	di-	1		1942	• • •	• • •	10.7
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	• • •	1		1941	• • •	• • •	10.3
11	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronch	1110			1940	• • •	• • •	9.7
12	Malignant neoplasm, breast	···	_		1939		• • •	9.6
13	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	• • •			1938	• • •		9.9
14	Other malignant and lymphatic ne					• • •	• • •	
***	plasms	•••	2	4	1937	• • •	• • •	10.5
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	• • •		derivation of the last of the	1936	• • •	• • •	9.7
16	Diabetes	• • •	derakening		1935	• • •	•••	7.7
17	Vascular lesions of nervous syste	em	3	4	1934	• • •	• • •	10.3
18	Coronary disease, angina		4	1	1933	• • •.	• • •	6.7
19	Hypertension with heart disease	• • •	derivations		1932	• • •	• • •	10.9
20	Other heart disease	• • •	4	3				
21	Other circulatory disease	• • •	2	1				
22	Influenza	• • •		derma minimum	England	and	Wale	S
23	Pneumonia	• • •	1		1951	•••		12.5
24	Bronchitis	• • •	1		1950		• • •	11.6
25	Other diseases of respiratory systematical	em	derivatives.	•	1949			11.7
26	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	• • •				• • •		
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	• • •			1948	• • •		10.8
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	• • •		1	1947	• • •	• • •	12.0
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	• • •		—	1946	• • •	• • •	11.5
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	• • •	-		1945	• • •	• • •	11.4
31	Congenital malformations	• • •	derit mining		1944	• • •	• • •	11.6
32	Other defined and ill-defined diseas	ses	4		1943	• • •	•••	12.1
33	Motor vehicle accidents	• • •			1942	• • •	• • •	11.6
34	All other accidents	• • •		1	1941			12.9
35	Suicide	• • •	-		1940			14.6
36	Homicide and operations of war	• • •				• • •		
					1939	• • •		12.1
-					1938	• • •	•••	11.6

#### SANITARY CONDITIONS

W. E. HANDS,

Member Royal Sanitary Institute. Inspector, Meat and other Foods.

#### Housing Statistics. Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects under Public Health or Housing Acts 93 Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding section) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation 67 Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of action by the Local Authority 74 Number of structurally separate dwellings erected during the year: By the Local Authority ... (1)10 By other bodies or persons 8 Summary of Housing Defects. The number of defects found on inspection is followed by the number remedied during the year. Cases Cases Found Remedied Found Remedied 1. Site. h. Soil against walls above d.p.c. a. Outbuildings inadequate or in bad re-3. Lighting, Ventilation. pair 3 3 a. Obstruction to light b. Approach to back of and air house unsatisfactory 6 b. Window area or c. Storage of refuse unopening below stansatisfactory 11 4 dard d. Animals improperly c. Ventilation otherkept wise defective 3 d. Artificial lighting defective ... 9 2. Prevention of Dampness. a. Roof, chimney, de-4. Space Heating. fective 14 13 a. Firegrate, flue; deb. Gutter, downpipes, fective 1717 defective 29 29b. Rooms inadequately c. Drainage of ground heated unsatisfactory ... d. Walls, doors, win-5. Food, Cooking. dows, defective 11 10 a. Storage of food unsatisfactory e. Damp-proof course defective 1 1 arrangeb. Cooking f. Sub-floor ventilation ments unsatisfactory —

c. Sink, drainage

unsatisfactory ...

12

4

4

defective

g. Solid floor defective

Cases Found Remedied	Cases Found Remedied
6. Water Supply.	b. Water closet, soil
a. Water supply not satisfactory — —	drains, defective 21 21  c. Approach to outside
b. Main supply disconnected — —	closet not protected — — — d. Lighting, ventilation, inadequate — —
7. Washing Arrangements.	
a. No bath — —	O Robain Deconation Classicans
b. Bath defective 2 2	9. Repair, Decoration, Cleanliness.
c. Arrangements for	a. Internal structures, defective 19 41
heating water un- satisfactory 11 7	b. Decoration in bad
8. Closet Accommodation.	state 57 53 c. Lack of cleanliness — —
a. Pail closet defective — —	d. Infestation with bugs, etc — —
	bugs, etc
Milk Supply.  Inspections  Notices	
Food and Drugs Act, 1938.	
(a) ICE CREAM.	
At the close of the year one place continued to manufacture ice cream. fell within Grade I.	nt operating from registered premises Regular samples were taken and all
Four premises are registered for the Eleven inspections were made three	
(b) Food Preparation Premises.	
Number of Premises on register	5
Number of inspections  It was not found necessary to serve	

#### Mobile Food Vans.

Four mobile food vans continue to trade in the District and all have the name and address of the owner conspicuously displayed on the vehicle.

Inspection of Meat and Other Foods.

A summary of the food condemned at various shop premises during the year is set out below:

Sausages 24lbs., Meat (tinned) 21lbs., Fish 5 tins, Jam 3lb., Milk 5 tins, Fruit 32 tins, Various Vegetables 8 tins, Miscellaneous Foods 10 tins, Flour 112lbs.

#### Disinfection (1), Disinfestation (2).

Number of cases (1) 2 (2) 0 ... ... ... Total 2

#### Public Cleansing.

Direct Labour. Vehicles Employed—One motor vehicle with sliding metal covers. Disposal by Controlled Tipping.

#### Rodent Control.

(Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949)

PREVALENCE OF RATS AND MICE.

Type and number of Properties		Number Propert infeste	ies	Infestation ats Minor	by	Mice only
Local Authorities (2)		*******	• • •	 		-
Dwelling Houses (1,419)		50	• • •	 50		1
Business Premises (87)	• • •		• • •	 t-managed		
Agricultural (9)		2	• • •	 2	• • •	
	-			 		
Total (1,517)		52	• • •	 52		1

#### MEASURES OF CONTROL.

Properties inspected: 176. Inspections made: 201.

Notices served for—Treatments: —. Proofing works: —

Number of treatments:

- (a) by arrangement with L.A., Rats, 52; Mice only, 1.
- (b) After formal notice (S.5), Rats, —; Mice only, —.

#### BLOCK TREATMENT.

Blocks, 1. Separate occupancies, 5. Manholes, —.

#### SEWER CONTROL.

Ten per cent of the sewer manholes within the district were baited and found to be free from infestation.

#### GENERAL.

42 complaints were received regarding wasps and 49 nests were destroyed.

## ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

1.—Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health.

	2.7		Number of	
Premises (1)	Number on Register (3)	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	8	8		
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	16	21		
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	<del></del>			
TOTAL	24	29		

#### 2.—Cases in which defects were found.

	Number	of cases in w	hich defects	were found	Number of
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector		cases in which prosecu- tions were instituted
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	3	3		-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)			<u> </u>		
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)					
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)					
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)		λ ———		<del></del>	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient	2	2	<u></u>	<u>—</u>	
(b) Unsuitable or defective			-	<u>—</u>	
(c) Not separate for sexes		<u>—</u>			
Other offences (not including offences relating to Outwork)				<u> </u>	
TOTAL	5	5			

## RICKMANSWORTH

#### URBAN DISTRICT

#### General.

Area (land and inland water), 7,639 acres.

Number of separately rated dwellings at 1st April, 1951; 7,025

Rateable value at 1st April, 1951, £231,245.

Sum represented by a penny-rate, £938.

#### Vital Statistics.

Population (Registrar General's estimates at mid-year):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
25,310	24,980	25,000	24,920	23,690	23,060	21,870	19,93 <b>0</b>

Birth-Rate (live births per 1,000 of population):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939			
13.6	15.8	15.9	16.6	21.7	20.2	15.3	18.8			
(Area Comparability Factor, 0.95)										

Infantile Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
14	25	28	24	31	34	27	32

#### Death-Rate:

Vide—Summary "Causes of Death."

(Area Comparability Factor, 1.11)

#### Tuberculosis.

The following notifications and deaths were recorded during the year:-

				Puln	ionary.	Non-Pulmonary.	
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
New cases	• • •	• • •	• • •	9	8	November 1	
Deaths	• • •			1	1		Principal and the second

#### NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

INCIDENCE according to AGE and SEX

-	9		-46
- 70		-	
- 1	~		
- 4		<b>4</b> /	

Aan		Scarlet Whooping Acute poliomyelitis			Wiedsies		Diphtheria					
Age Groups	Fe	ever	Co	ugh	Para	lytic	Non-p	aralytic	(Exc. I	Rubella)		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0				5					1	2		
l—	1		5	16		Company of the control of the contro			37	40		
3—	1	2	9	13					53	56		
5—	4	1	7	10				1	81	59		
10	1								25	3		
15—									8	3		
25 and over			1							3		
Total	7	3	22	44				1	205	166		
Age		.c.	Dyse	ntery	Smallpox		A	cute end	cephalit	cis	Enter Typhoid	
GROUPS		monia						ctive		fectious		
	M	F	M	F	M	F		F	M	F	M	F
0—												
5												
15				1			1					
45—				T								
65 and over						- 1						
Total			_	1		_						
Age Groups	Paraty Fee	yphoid vers	Erysi	ipelas	Mening- infe	ococcal otion	Fo Poiso		Other Notifiable Diseases			eases
CROOLS	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F			M	F
0									Puerpe:	ral ia		
0— ~										lmia torum	•••	_
5—											$1 \mid$	_
15—			1	1					Malaria			
<b>4</b> 5—			1						Plague			—
$65\mathrm{and}\;\mathrm{over}$									Relapsi	ng Fever	-	
									Typhus	Fever		_
Total	_		2	1	-	-	-	_				

(Deaths per 1,000 of population)

			Males	Females	10-1			0.1
	All Causes	• • •	121	110	1951	• • •	• • •	9.1
l	Tuberculosis, respiratory		1	1	1950	• • •	• • •	8.9
2	Tuboroulogic other	• • •			1949	• • •	• • •	9.3
3	Crapbilitie discose	• • •			1948	• • •	• • •	8.5
4	Dinhthania	• • •			1947	• • •	• • •	9.9
5	XXII a a min or a second	• • •			1946	• • •	• • •	8.1
6	Meningococcal infections	• • •			1945			10.1
7	Acute poliomyelitis	• • •			1944			9.8
8	Measles	•••		1		• • •	• • •	
9	Other infective and parasis				1943	• • •	• • •	10.1
J	seases	•••	1		1942	• • •	• • •	8.7
10	Malignant neoplasm, stomach		6	1	1941	• • •	• • •	8.5
11	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bro		6	1	1940	• • •	• • •	8.3
12	Malignant neoplasm, breast	• • •		3	1939	• • •	• • •	8.5
13	Malignant neoplasm, uterus			1	1938	• • •	• • •	7.9
14	Other malignant and lymphat	cic neo-			1937		• • •	6.7
	plasms	• • •	12	6		• • •		
15	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	• • •	1	1	1936	•••	• • •	8.6
16	Diabetes	• • •		2	1935	• • •	• • •	10.0
17	Vascular lesions of nervous	system	8	20	1934	• • •	• • •	9.2
18	Coronary disease, angina	• • •	17	10	1933	• • •	• • •	11.1
19	Hypertension with heart disea	ase	6	1	1932	• • •	•••	10.4
20	Other heart disease	• • •	14	21				
21	Other circulatory disease	• • •	5	4	Fndland	and	Wole	<b>N</b> C
22	Influenza	• • •	2	2	England	anu	wate	
23	Pneumonia	• • •	4	8	1951	• • •	•••	12.5
24	Bronchitis	• • •	8	10	1950	•••	•••	11.6
25	Other diseases of respiratory	system	1	1	1949	• • •	• • •	11.7
26	Ulcer of stomach and duoden	um	5		1948	• • •	• • •	10.8
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrh	oea	1	<b>─</b>	1947	• • •	• • •	12.0
28	Nephritis and nephrosis	• • •		1	1946	• • •	• • •	11.5
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	• • •	-		1945	• • •		11.4
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, aborti	on			1944			
31	Congenital malformations	• • •	2	—		• • •	•••	11.6
32	Other defined and ill-defined of	liseases	10	10	1943	• • •	• • •	12.1
33	Motor vehicle accidents	• • •	1	2	1942	• • •	• • •	11.6
34	All other accidents		8	1	1941	• • •	• • •	12.9
35	Suicide	•••	2	2	1940	• • •	• • •	14.6
36	Homicide and operations of v	war		-	1939	• • •	• • •	12.1
					1938	•••		11.6

#### SANITARY CONDITIONS

C. R. ALEXANDER,

Certificate Royal Sanitary Institute and Sanitary Inspectors Examination Joint Board. Inspector, Meat and other Foods.

#### HOUSING STATISTICS.

Number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects under Public								
Health or Housing Acts	150							
Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or								
injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	3							
Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the								
preceding section) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human								
habitation	107							
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of								
action by the Local Authority	101							
Number of structurally separate dwellings erected during the year:								
(1) By the Local Authority	19							
(2) By other bodies or persons	18							

#### SUMMARY OF HOUSING DEFECTS.

The number of defects found on inspection is followed by the number remedied during the year.

	remedied during the year.									
	I		ases Remedied			Cases Remedied				
1. Site.				h. Soil against walls						
a. Outbuildings quate or in ba	ad re-	3	2	above d.p.c 3. Lighting, Ventilation.		and the latest and th				
pair b. Approach to b		9	<i>_</i>	a. Obstruction to light						
house unsatisf				and air	name of the last o	distribution and				
c. Storage of refusatisfactory	ise un-	47	39	b. Window area or opening below standard	2	2				
d. Animals impakept	_	1	1	c. Ventilation otherwise defective		_				
2. Prevention of De	ampness	S.		d. Artificial lighting defective	g-construction and	_				
a. Roof, chimney fective		25	16	<ul><li>4. Space Heating.</li><li>a. Firegrate, flue; de-</li></ul>						
b. Gutters, down s-w drains, defe		14	10	fective b. Rooms inadequately	4	2				
c. Drainage of g unsatisfactory				heated						
d. Walls, doors,		0.0	70	5. Food, Cooking.						
dows, defective. Damp-proof		90	79	a. Storage of food unsatisfactory	3	1				
defective	•••	7	3	b. Cooking arrange-						
f. Sub-floor venti	lation	0	7	ments unsatisfactory	7 4	2				
defective	· · ·	2	1	c. Sink, drainage,	5	3				
g. Solid floor def	ective	2	2	unsatisfactory	J	J				

Found Remedied	Found 1	Remedied
6. Water Supply. b. a. Well not satisfactory — —	Water closet, soil drains, defective 44	37
b. Water delivered in vessels	Approach to outside closet not protected —	
	Lighting, ventilation, inadequate 2	1
7. Washing Arrangements.		
a. No bath — — 9. R	epair, Decoration, Cleanline	ess.
c. Arrangements for	Internal structures defective 52	45
heating water un- satisfactory — b.	Decoration in bad state 57	46
8. Closet Accommodation. c.	Lack of cleanliness 2	1
a. Pail closet defected. d. i	Infestation with bugs, etc. 5	5

Cases

Cases

During the year a commencement was made on a survey of the older houses in the district with a view to determining the order of priority when individual demolitions and slum clearance is undertaken on a widening scale.

In 1951 two houses were demolished, and one undertaking was accepted as a result of formal action, and two other houses ceased to be occupied after informal talks with the owner.

Action taken during the year, other than that mentioned below, may be summarised as follows:

In addition thirty-six statutory notices were served and forty-five complied with, thirty-five by the owners and ten by the Council in default. More were complied with than served as in some cases the latter had been in the hands of the owners in the previous year.

422 re-visits were made to houses.

## Moveable Dwellings.

CARAVANS.

On the 31st December, 1951, forty-one moveable dwellings were stationed within the Urban District, two more than at the end of the previous year, There are only two licensed sites, one for fifteen, and one for three, dwellings; the remainder being generally on single sites. While in most cases conditions are satisfactory, one moveable dwelling was demolished as a result of action under the Housing Act, 1936, Section 11.

## Water Supply.

The water supply of the District is adequate and chlorinated.

## Milk Supply.

Inspections	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	 13
Notices		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	 

## Summary of Food Condemned During the Year

Meat 287lbs., Bacon 28lbs., Cheese 24lbs., Fish 126lbs., Flour 140lbs., Sugar 170lbs., Jam 11lbs., Rice 6lbs., Tinned Meat 704lbs., Tinned Fish 89lbs., Tinned Vegetables 100lbs., Tinned Soup 7lbs., Tinned Fruit 257lbs., Tinned Milk 84lbs., Pickles 18lbs., Miscellaneous 6lbs., Total 2,057lbs.

Continued progress was made during the year to further improve the conditions in which food is prepared and sold, and 300 visits were made for this purpose. In connection with the enforcement of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938 and the byelaws under Section 15 of that Act, twenty-seven informal notices were served and at the end of the year twenty-three of these had been complied with. It was not necessary to take any prosecutions. The notices varied from requests to carry out fairly substantial structural improvements to relatively simple but none the less important matters. The general public are continuing to become more food hygiene conscious, while the traders are improving their premises and generally handling food in a better manner.

Disinfection (1), Disinfestation (2).
Number of cases (1) 14, (2) 5 ... Total 19

Public Cleansing.

Direct labour scheme. Disposal by controlled tipping. Efficient salvage scheme in operation since April, 1938.

#### Rodent Control. (Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949)

A summary of the annual return to the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries is submitted hereunder. Having regard to the different form of the return, no comparison can be made with figures submitted in previous annual reports.

The general work of rodent control was carried on steadily, and members of the public are appreciative of the assistance given. Although a charge is made for treatment at business premises it has been found that traders willingly co-operate in the work of rodent control.

The yearly test-baiting of the Council's sewers revealed a continued absence of rats.

			1			)
		Local Authority	Dwelling Houses	Agri- cultural	All other, incl. Business & Industry	Total
1.	Total No. of properties in L.A.s' district	13	6,850	20	570	7,453
2.	No. of properties inspected by L.A. during 1951 as a result (a) of notification or	(a) —	92		12	104
	(b) otherwise.	(b) 12	189		46	247
3.	No. of properties (under 2) found to be infested by rats	(a) 3	33		3	39
	(a) Major (b) Minor, Infest.,	(b) l	233	_	39	273
4.	No. of properties (under 11) found to be seriously infested by mice	1	12	_	15	28
5.	No. of infested properties (under 3 & 4) treated by the L.A	5	278		57	340
6.	No. of notices served under Section 4:  (1) Treatment  (2) Structural Works  (i.e. Proofing)		2	_		2

<sup>7.</sup> Number of cases in which default action was taken by L.A. following issue of notice under S. 4; 0.

8. Legal Proceedings, 0.

#### GENERAL.

79 complaints were received regarding wasps, and appropriate action was taken.

<sup>9.</sup> Number of "block control" schemes carried out, 0.

#### Bathing Pools.

There are two Swimming Baths to which the Bye-laws made under the

Public Health Act, 1936, Section 223, apply.

The Ebury Road Swimming Bath is under the control of the Council. During the year the water supply from the adjacent river was cut off, a new bore sunk and water pumped into the bath. This new supply with efficient chlorination made a considerable improvement in the water supply. The bath is emptied twice during the season and thoroughly cleaned out.

Water samples were taken fortnightly for bacteriological examination and all were reported to be satisfactory. This department makes tests at least weekly for free chlorine and the Baths Superintendent also arranges for this

to be done at regular intervals daily.

The Aquadrome continues to draw many thousands of people yearly and on the whole has been found to be well run. The water supply is by springs and there is no connection to adjacent rivers. Samples of water have been taken and the water reported to be satisfactory for bathing purposes.

#### Canal Boats, Inspection of

Number of boats inspected ... 29 Contraventions ... 4

#### Visits and Inspections during the Year

Houses.	,	GENERAL—continued
Public Health Act	199	Swimming Places 25
Housing Act	373	Interviews with Owners 249
Overcrowding		
Complaints	109	RE-VISITS TO PREMISES UNDER NOTICE
		Public Health Act—
FACTORIES.		Houses 258
Factories with mechanical		Public Health Act—Other 5
power	111	Housing Act 164
Factories without mechan-		
ical power	9	MEAT AND FOODS.
Workplaces	4	Butchers' Shops 31
Outworkers	10	Slaughtering 4
		Fishmongers and Poulterers 14
GENERAL.		Greengrocers and Fruiterers 6
Tents, vans and sheds	187	Grocers and Other Food
Stables and Piggeries	32	Shops 112
Public Houses	17	Fried Fish Shops 5
Schools	7	Dairies and Milk Shops 10
Smoke Observations	4.	Milk Samples 5
Mosquito Control	5	Water Samples 13
Vacant Land and Dumps	26	Ice Cream Premises 11
Verminous Premises	$\frac{12}{10}$	Ice Cream Samples 4
Other Iusect Pests	10	Restaurants and Dining Rooms 88
Drainage Inspections and Tests	55	Bakehouses 26
Cesspools	8	Other Food Premises 5
Infectious Diseases	14	o didi i ood i folliloob
Common Yards and		Unclassified Visits 280
Passages		Unclassified Visits 280
Shops Acts	5	Ineffectual Visits 170

## ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

1.—Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health.

	Number		Number of	
Premises (1)	on Register (3)	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	9	1	
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	64	111	9	
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)				
TOTAL	71	120	10	

## 2.—Cases in which **defects** were found.

	Number	were found	Number of		
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector	rred By H.M. Inspector	cases in which prosecu- tions were instituted
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	5	4			
Overcrowding (S.2)	—	—	<u>—</u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)			—	<u> </u>	
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	—			<del></del>	
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)			<u> </u>		
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient			<u>—</u>		
(b) Unsuitable or defective	5	5		<u>—</u>	
(c) Not separate for sexes		_	—	—	
Other offences (not including offences relating to Homework)					
TOTAL	10	9	_		

Outworkers S.110 (i) (c): Number, 7; Notices, etc., Nil.

## WATFORD

#### RURAL DISTRICT

#### General.

Area (land and inland water). 18,179 acres.

(Abbots Langley C.P., 4,979; Aldenham C.P., 5,660; Sarratt C.P., 2,399; Watford Rural C.P., 5,141; acres.)

Number of separately rated dwellings at 1st April, 1951; 9,683.

Rateable value at 1st April, 1951; £267,815.

Sum represented by a penny-rate; £1,174.

#### Vital Statistics.

Population (Registrar General's estimates at mid-year):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
40,150	34,160	30,370	25,740	21,860	21,360	20,370	20,280

Birth-Rate (live births per 1,000 of population):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
17.0	15.4	15.1	12.9	17.7	16.9	17.2	13.9
	(A						

Infantile Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 year per 1,000 live births):

1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1939
29	15	24	36	25	17	26	56

Death-Rate:

Vide—Summary "Causes of Death."

(Area Comparability Factor, 1.05)

#### Tuberculosis.

The following notifications and deaths were recorded during the year:—

			Puln	nonary.	Non-Pulmonary.		
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
New cases	• • •	 • • •	20	19	2	3	
Deaths		 	5	8	2	-	

#### NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

INCIDENCE according to AGE and SEX

-4	9	-	-
		-	
_	4	7	
- 4			

	Scarlet Whooping			Acute poliomelitis				Measles		Diphtheria		
Age Groups	Fe		Co	ugh	Para	lytic	Non-pa	aralytic		Rubella)	Dipni	tneria
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0			11	8				;	16	3		
1			18	19					43	34		
3—	7	5	24	33			2		66	56		
5 <del></del>	15	18	18	38					84	104		
10	5	2		4					5	17		
15—			ò		1		1			10		
25 and over			2		1		r			3		
Total	27	25	73	102	2	-	3		214	227		
Aan	Ac. Dyes		entery	Sma	llpox	A	Acute encephalitis		tis	Enteric or Typhoid Fever		
<b>Age</b> Groups		monia				-		ctive	Post-infectious			
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0			1	3								
5		1										
15—	2		1									
45 <del></del>	1	2										
65 a <b>n</b> d over	2											
Total	5	3	2	3								
Age Groups	Paraty Fev	yphoid vers	Erys	ipelas	Mening infe	ococcal ction		od oning	Othe	r Notifi	able Dis	seases
OROUFS	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F			M	F
0					1				Puerpe	ral ia		1
~								2		almia atorum		1
1 <del>~</del>				1			2	ث				
1.5			1	1			ے	1		•••		
65 and over								1		ing Fever		
on and over										Fever		
Total		_	_	1	1		2	3	2 J pinus			

## THE CAUSES OF DEATH

1951

(Deaths per 1,000 of population)

			Males	Females	1951	• • •		7.1
	All Causes	• •	147	138	1950	• • •		6.7
1	Tuberculosis, respiratory		5	8	1949	• • •	• • •	7.9
2	Tuberculosis, other		2		1948			8.3
3	Syphilitic disease						• • •	
4	Diphtheria				1947	* * 4	4 * *	11.3
5	Whooping cough		-		1946	• • •	• • •	10.1
6	Meningococcal infections				1945			9.9
7	Acute poliomyelitis	• •		-	1944	• • •	• • •	9.3
8	Measles		-		1943	• • •		9.1
9	Other infective and parasitic d	li-			1942	• • •		9.6
7.0		• •			1941			10.0
10	0 1 ,	• •	5	3	1940	• • •		10.1
11	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchu	IS	6		1939	• • •		8.8
12	8 ,	• •		2	1938			7.9
13	0 1 /	••		1		• • •	• • •	
14	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	O-	9	9	1937		• • •	10.6
15	Tooler wis alsoler wis		1	1	1936	• • •	• • •	8.3
16	Diabetes			2	1935	• • •	• • •	8.7
17	Vascular lesions of nervous system	m	13	16	1934	• • •		8.6
18			22	10	1933	• • •		10.3
19	Hypertension with heart disease.		3	2	1932	• • •		9.6
20	Other heart disease		16	30				
21	Other circulatory disease		4	5				
22	Influenza		3	4	Englan	d and	Wale	es
23	Pneumonia		3	14	1951	• • •	• • •	12.5
24	Bronchitis		16	5	1950	• • •	• • •	11.6
25	Other diseases of respiratory system	m		1	1949	•••	•••	11.7
26	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum .		2	2	1948	• • •		10.8
27	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea.	• •	1		1947			12.0
28	Nephritis and nephrosis		3	2	1946			11.5
29	Hyperplasia of prostate	• • •	2			• • •		
30	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion .	• • •		1	1945	• • •	• • •	11.4
31	Congenital malformations	• • •		3	1944	• • •	• • •	
32	Other defined and ill-defined disease	es	21	12	1943	• • •	• • •	12.1
33		• • •	1	1	1942	• • •	• • •	11.6
34		• • •	7	2	1941	• • •	• • •	12.9
35		• •	2	3	1940	• • •	• • •	14.6
36	Homicide and operations of war .	• • •			1939		• • •	12.1
					1938	• • •	• • •	11.6
			v = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =					

#### SANITARY CONDITIONS

S. N. Grigg,

Certificate Royal Sanitary Institute. Inspector, Meat and other Foods. A.R.P.S. (1st Class).

Housing Statistics.

HOUSING STATISTICS.				
TT 1.1 TT 1 A .	nouses 	-	ed for housing defects under Public	3
Number of dwelling-	houses	found	to be in a state so dangerous or	
injurious to health as to			$\mathbf{c}$	0
Number of dwelling-l	houses	(exclus	sive of those referred to under the	
preceding section) found	not to	be in a	ll respects reasonably fit for human	
habitation		••	5	8
Number of defective action by the Local Auth		ng-hous	ses rendered fit in consequence of 3	9
Number of structura	lly ser	oarate d	lwellings erected during the year:	
	-		Local Authority 6	0
	(2)	By oth	er bodies or persons96	3
Summary of Housing I	JEEECI	rc		
			in an artist in full and the manufacture	
The number of defe			inspection is followed by the numb luring the year.	er
,	Ca Found <b>R</b>	ses emedied	Cases Found Remed	lied
1. Site.			3. Lighting, Ventilation.	
a. Outbuildings inade-				
quate or in bad re-	0	9	a. Obstruction to light and air 1 1	
pair	2	2	b. Window area or	
b. Approach to back of house unsatisfactory		No. of Contract of	opening below stan- dard	_
c. Storage of refuse un-		E 7	c. Ventilation other-	
satisfactory		57	wise defective 2 2	}
d. Animals improperly kept	2	2	d. Artificial lighting	
-		_	defective — —	-
2. Prevention of Dampnes	S.			
a. Roof, chimney, defective	29	22	4. Space Heating.	
b. Gutters, downpipes,			a. Firegrate, flue; de-	
s-w drains, defective	29	22	fective 7	ļ.
c. Drainage of ground			b. Rooms inadequately	
unsatisfactory	4	4	heated — —	-
d. Walls, doors, win-	0.4	0.4		
dows, defective	34	24	5. Food, Cooking.	
e. Damp-proof course defective				
f. Sub-floor ventilation			a. Storage of food un- satisfactory 5	1.
defective	1	1	b. Cooking arrange-	
g. Solid floor defective	2	2	ments unsatisfactory 1 1	Ĺ
h. Soil against walls			c. Sink, drainage	
above d.p.c	5	5	unsatisfactory 36 36	5

	Cases Found Remedied	Cases Found Remedied
6. Water Supply. a. Well not satisfactory	·	b. Water closet, soil drains, defective 36 36
b. Water delivered in vessels		c. Approach to outside closet not protected — —
c. Main supply discon- nected	0 0	d. Lighting, ventilation, inadequate 3 3
7. Washing Arrangemen	ts.	
a. No bath		9. Repair, Decoration, Cleanliness.
<ul><li>b. Bath defective.</li><li>c. Arrangements for</li></ul>		a. Internal structures, defective 27 22
heating water un- satisfactory		b. Decoration in bad state 6 6
8. Closet Accommodation	•	c. Lack of cleanliness 4 4
a. Pail closet defective	6 6	c. Infestation with bugs, etc 4 4

## Water Supply.

The water supply of the District is adequate and chlorinated. Two samples of water from private wells were found to be satisfactory. In another case where a sample of water was found to be unsatisfactory the use of the well for domestic purposes was discontinued, a main supply being available.

## Milk Supply.

(a) De	esignated mill	ks					$I_{1}$	Retaile	<b>Y</b> S
	Tuberculin 7	Tested	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	20	
	Accredited			• • •		• • •	• • •	3	
	Pasteurised	• • •	• • •			• • •	• • •	18	
	Sterilized	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	13	
	Number of in	nspecti	ons	28		Notice	es	7	
ICE-CREAM	Ι.								
Numb	er of premise	s regist	ered	:					
	(a) for Manu	facture	e	• • •		(b) for	Sale	• • •	32
	Number of i	nspecti	ions	38		Notic	es	• • •	3

#### Meat and Other Foods.

The following is a summary of Food condemned during the year:—

Carcase meat 565lbs., Canned Meat 750lbs., Sausages 153lbs., Bacon 82lbs., Wet Fish 161lbs., canned Fish 8lbs., Fish cakes 184, Shell Eggs 6, Canned Vegetables 139lbs., Canned Fruit 389lbs., Cans of Milk 48, Sweets 145lbs., Cheese 67lbs., Processed Cheese 73 packets, Margarine, Butter and Cooking fat 7lbs., Jam 9lbs., Flour 42lbs., Prunes 30lbs., Miscellaneous Foods 32 items.

## Disinfection (1), Disinfestation (2).

Number of cases (1) 56. (2) 5 ... Total 58

#### Public Cleansing.

(a) Refuse Collection—Direct Labour schemes in operation in all four parishes of the District. Vehicles employed number, one 12 cu. yds. Double Cab, one 10 cu. yds, Double Cab, and seven 10 cu. yds. Single Cab, all of modern type side loading.

Additional vehicles and staff have been required to cope with the development on the new L.C.C. Housing Estate at South Oxhey, and further expansion of the service will be necessary as development proceeds in other parts of of the District.

- (b) Refuse Disposal—two tipping sites are available in the District, one at Abbots Langley and one at Aldenham. Tip attendants are employed to deal with the refuse.
- (c) Cesspool Emptying—Direct Labour scheme in operation covers most of the District. Vehicle used is a Dennis 800 gallon, operated by a staff of two men. In addition, it is necessary to make use of the services of a Contractor, who also uses modern type emptying vehicles. Disposal of cesspool contents is as far as possible into sewers in the area, otherwise by discharge on to suitable land.

Cesspools are emptied at the request of owners or occupiers without charge, but the Council reserve the right to review this arrangement at any time and to impose a scale of charges in specific cases or generally should they consider it necessary and desirable.

Working Statistics (for the period of twelve months up to 31/3/52).

Total number of Cesspools emptied		• • •	375
Total number of emptyings of above Cesspools	• • •		952
Total number of loads removed		• • •	1,922
Number of gallons removed at 800 gallons per load		1,53	7,600

- (d) Emptying of Pail Closets—carried out by direct labour, in parishes of Abbots Langley and Aldenham, and by contract in remainder of district. Pail closets are emptied weekly.
- (e) Collection of Salvage—Waste paper collection carried out simultaneously with refuse collection over whole of District. Other waste materials reclaimed from refuse by tip attendants.

#### Rodent Control.

#### Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

		Local Authority	Dwelling Houses	Agri- cultural	All other, incl. Business & Industry	Total
1.	Total No. of properties in L.A.s' district	14	10,182	168	435	10,799
2.	No. of properties inspected by L.A. during 1951 as a result (a) of notification or	(a) 6	101	1	8	116
(b) otherwise.		(b) —	36	1	1	38
3.	No. of properties (under 2)	(a) 6	3	1	3	13
	found to be infested by rats (a) Major (b) Minor, Infest.,	(b) —	81	1	3	85
4.	No. of properties (under 2) found to be seriously infested by mice		28		3	31
<i>5</i> .	No. of infested properties (under 3 & 4) treated by the L.A	6	102		8	116
6.	No. of notices served under Section 4:  (1) Treatment		2		ĭ	3
	(1) Treatment (2) Structural Works (i.e. Proofing)		5	_	2	7

<sup>7.</sup> Number of cases in which default action was taken by L.A. following issue of notice under S. 4; 0.

## Canal Boats, Inspection of

Number of boats inspected ... 4 Contraventions ... 0

<sup>8.</sup> Legal Proceedings, 0.

<sup>9.</sup> Number of "block control" schemes carried out, 45.

## ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

1.—Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to health.

	Number	Number of				
Premises (1)	on Register (3)	Inspections (4)	Written notices (5)	Occupiers prosecuted (6)		
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	2	18	2			
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	41	38	3			
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)						
TOTAL	43	56	5			

#### 2.—Cases in which defects were found.

	Number	Number of cases in			
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector		which prosecu- tions were instituted
(1)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	1	1		•	
Overcrowding (S.2)		—		·····	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)					
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	_		_		
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)					_
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient	1	1			_
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2		1	_
(c) Not separate for sexes	1	1	_		-
Other offences (not including offences relating to Homework)	—			_	_
TOTAL	5	5	_	1	

Outworkers S.110 (i) (c)—Number, 28; Notices, etc., Nil.

